## PERSONAL

DEATH OF CAPTAIN T. S. HOWNTREE. Much regret was expressed yesterday in shipping and commercial circles when the news of the death of Captain Thomas Stephenson Rowntree was received in the city. The deceased gentleman was a very old and respected resident of Balmain, with which suburb he had been connected from its earhest settlement. Captain Rowntree was born at Sunderland, Durham, on July 7, 1818, and was therefore in his 85th year. He was brought up to the trade of a shipwright. At the age of 20 he went to sea as a ship's carpenter, and four years afterwards his capacity and skill obtained for him the command of a vessel in the West of England trade. During the next eight years he was engaged in the Mediterraneau and Baltic trades. It was about this time that considerable attention was being directed to the new fields for enterprise opening in Australia, and the discovery of the early rich goldfields proved a strong meentive to large numbers to look to these shores in search of furtune. Captain Rowntree saw the opportunity offered to him by this rush, and had a vessel built for the Australian coastal trade to run between Sydney and Melbourns. She was fitted for pursungers, and was called the Lizzae
Webber, 296 tons register. With a full list of passengers the little vessel entered Hobeon's Bay and
arrived at Melbourne on December 4, 1854, after a
voyage of a little over three months. At Melbourne. sengers the little vessel entered Hobeon's Bay and arrived at Melbourne on December 4, 1854, after a voyage of a little over three months. At Melbourne, however, an unforessen trouble awaited the enterprising captain. The whole of his crew deserted for the diggings, which shortly before had broken out at Ballarat. After some delay the vessel was manued by diggers, mostly sailors, who desired to return to Sydney. The Lazie Webber continued to trade between Sydney and Melbourne for some months afterwards, until an enactment was passed in Victoria prohibiting ships of over 200 tons from going alongsaide the Melbourne wharf, and the vessel was brought to Sydney and sold. She was probably the first to anchor in Waterview Bay, at Balmain, where the captain and his family landed. He purchased the old Stratheen Estate, at Balmaia East, and cleared the ground near the foreshore for constructing a patent slip. At that time there was only one slip in Sydney. After consultation with the late Thomas Sateliffe Mort, Captain Howatree joined with him and several others as partners, and in February, 1864, the foundation stone of the dock was laid in the presence of Governor Fitzroy and Lady Fitzroy. This great public undertaking was carried on in the face of considerable difficulties, no owing to the heavy rush to the diagnings the rates of wages were almost prohibitory. But notwithstanding difficulties the work was completed and the ship Ganges and a Russian prize were docked within 12 months from the time of commencing the work shap Ganges and a Russian prize were docked within 12 months from the time of commencing the work. By agreement with Mr. Mort Captain Rowntree left the dock about 1800, taking his interest with him. He at once commenced business on the premises which he occupied up till the time of his death, and built several screw commencial steamships. In which he occupied up thi the latte of his death, and built several screw composite steamshipe. In 1864 he left Sydney for New Zenland in his own vessel, the Catoline, and on his arrival at Hokinga he secured a place called Hauraki and communiced operations in saw-miling. Hauraki and communed operations in saw-miling. Here he continued shipping timber and kauri guin to Sydney until 1869, when he returned with his family to this city. While in New Zealand he was comminated to report on the best site for a graving dock at Auckland. On his return to Sydney he commenced ship-building and repairing at Waterview Bay, where, amongst other vessels, he built the Annie Ogle and the schooner Douglas. In 1872 he purchased the floating dock and premises next to the gasworks in Darling Harbour, where he carried on a large business. Eight years afterwards this property was purchased by the Gas Company, and Captain Rowntree removed his dock to his old establishment at Waterview Bay, where he carried on a large business. old establishment at waterview Bay, where he carried on a lucrative business.

His career in this city was a most active one. As far back as 1863-4 he was a member of the old Marine Hoard in this port. As the constructor of Mort's

far back as 1000-4 he was a member of the one marine Hoard in this port. As the constructor of Mort's Graving Dock he leaves a lasting monument to his Graving Dock he leaves a lasting monument to his memory. He was prominently connected with the progress of Balmain for over 40 years. He, with others, founded the municipality, and for some time represented the borough in the council and occupied the mayoral chair. He was also instrumental in founding the local School of Arts in 1850. From 1858 to 1864 he was closely identified with yacht racing. He was the possessor of seven handsome trophies won by his boats—Annie Ogle, Lenas, and Leisare Hour. With the first named he won the trophies won by his boats—Annie Ogle, Lenan, and Leisare Hour. With the first named he won the champion yacht (sea) race, gaining a valuable trophy and 300 gainess. The deceased was the first to run a ferry service between Mort's Dock and the city in 1852-3. He was a justice of the peace for nearly 40 years, and occupied the peation of returning officer for many years for his electorate.

The deceased leaves a widow and seven children, including Messrs. T. 8, and C. 8. Rowstree, Mrs. Randle (wife of Mr. S. Randle, chairman of the Stock Exchange), and Miss Rowstree. The funeral will leave the deceased's late residence, Northumberland House, Halmain East, to-morrow morning.